ÚFAL Submission for SIGTYP Supervised Cognate Detection Task

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Task Definition

Cognates are pairs with similar meanings and come from the same root in an ancestral language.

de: 'Vater' <-> en: 'father'

• Multilingual derivatives are words borrowed from another language potentially with some modification.

fr: 'restaurant' -> en: 'restaurant'

Data

The training data contained over 232,482 pairs of bilingual words together with relationship labels (cognate/derivative/no relation) from Wiktionary

The dataset covered 34 European languages

The task was evaluated on 876 test pairs

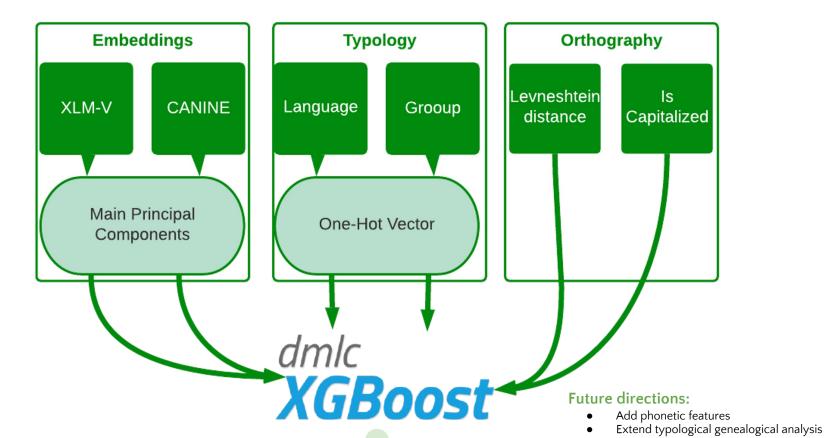
For validation I sampled 10% of training dataset

Gradient Boosted Trees

- Method ensembling predictions of large set of decision trees (with gradient search).
- Strong performance for discrete and real features.
- Feature importance analysis can help interpret predictions.

Parameter	Search Range	Selected
eta	0.01 - 0.3	0.275
gamma	0 - 5.0	0.642
maximum depth	3 - 20	12
minimum child weight	1 - 6	4
subsample	0.6 - 1.0	0.723
column sample (tree)	0.6 - 1.0	0.919
column sample (node)	0.6 - 1.0	0.749
column sample (level)	0.6 - 1.0	0.998
lambda	0 - 5.0	1.507
alpha	0 - 5.0	1.138

Features Selection



Final results **R 86% P 89% F1 87%**

)		
	1	Lang
	2	(1)
	3	2
	4	3
	5	3
	6	4 - No v
	7	4

	Footunes	Tr	ain	Valida	ation
	Features	Acc	F1	Acc	F1
1	Language ID	75.9	64.2	76.1	64.2
2	\bigcirc + Group ID	76.6	64.7	76.7	64.6
3	(2) + Capitalized	78.4	66.3	78.6	66.4
4	(3) + Levenshtein	83.1	70.6	83.0	69.8
5	\bigcirc + Embeddings	97.2	94.2	92.6	80.3
6	4 + Embeddings No weighting	98.4	95.8	93.8	79.6
7	4 + Embeddings	97.8	95.3	93.7	82.7

64.2

64.6

66.4

69.8

80.3

79.6

82.7

Final results	K 86%	P 89%	F1 879

Good results for language ID alone

		Features
	т	ID

$$\frac{\text{Acc}}{75.9}$$

Train

F1

64.2

94.2

95.8

95.3

Language ID + Group ID

3

4

83.1

97.2

98.4

97.8

Acc

76.1

92.6

93.8

93.7

Validation

F1

64.2

80.3

$$\begin{array}{c}
\hline
5 & 3 + \text{Embeddings} \\
6 & 4 + \text{Embeddings}
\end{array}$$

+ Embeddings

No weighting

Final results	R	86% l	P	89%	F1	87%	6

- Good results for language ID alone
- Character-level signal and embeddings important for improving results

Feature

3

5

Language ID

No weighting

+ Group ID

+ Capitalized

+ Levenshtein

+ Embeddings

Embeddings

+ Embeddings

tures	Acc

Train

75.9

76.6

78.4

83.1

97.2

98.4

97.8

F1

64.2

64.7

66.3

70.6

94.2

95.8

95.3

Validation

F1

64.2

64.6

66.4

69.8

80.3

79.6

82.7

Acc

76.1

76.7

78.6

83.0

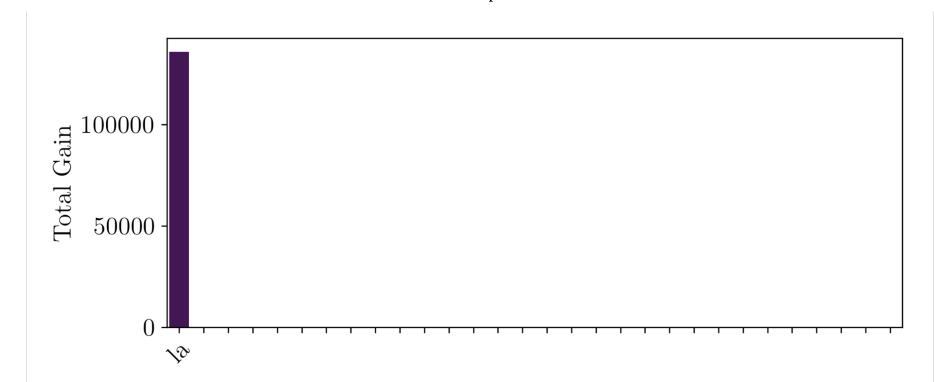
92.6

93.8

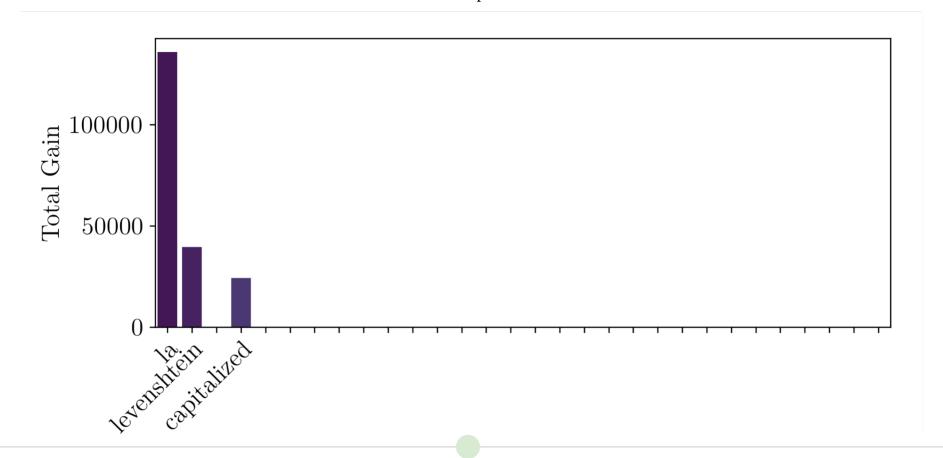
93.7

Final results R 86% P 89% F1 87%			Footunes		Train		Validation	
	• Tillal results R 00 701 05 70 1107 70		Features	Acc	F1	Acc	F1	
	Cood results for language ID alone	1	Language ID	75.9	64.2	76.1	64.2	
	Good results for language ID alone	2	1 + Group ID	76.6	64.7	76.7	64.6	
		3	(2) + Capitalized	78.4	66.3	78.6	66.4	
	Character-level signal and embeddings important for	4	(3) + Levenshtein	83.1	70.6	83.0	69.8	
	improving results	5	3 + Embeddings	97.2	94.2	92.6	80.3	
	Weighteing counters unbalance in	6	4 + Embeddings No weighting	98.4	95.8	93.8	79.6	
	training data and improves F1	7	4 + Embeddings	97.8	95.3	93.7	82.7	

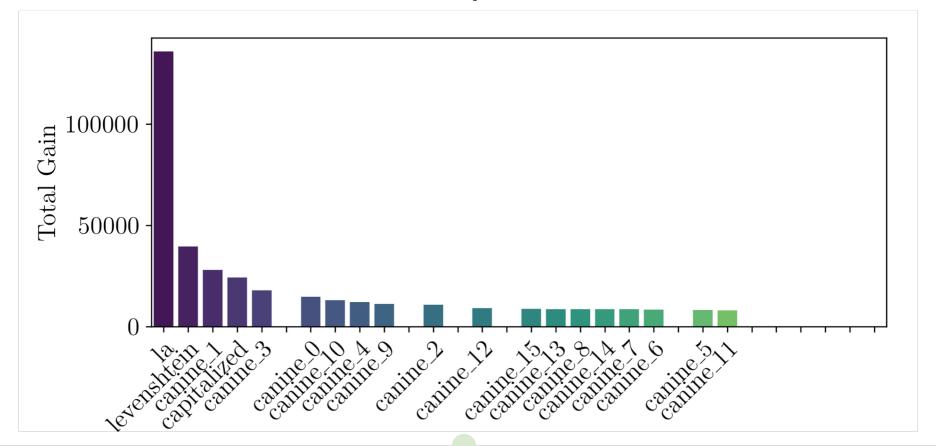
Feature Importance



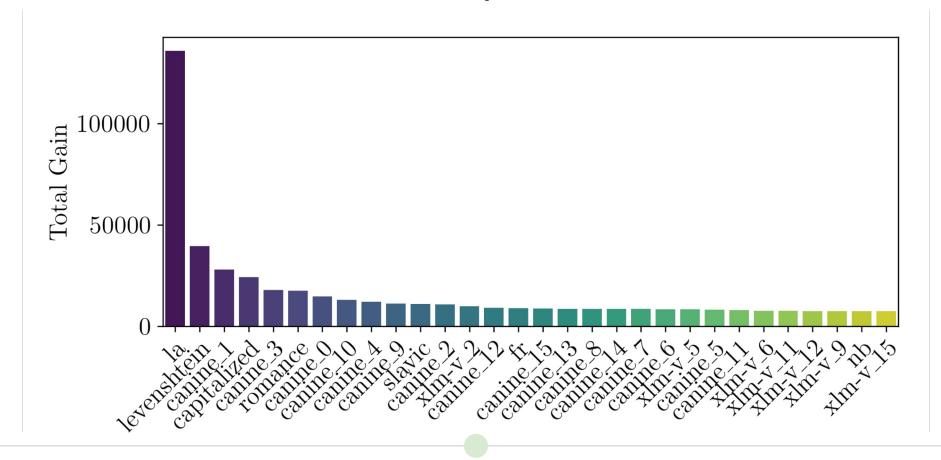
Feature Importance



Feature Importance



Feature Importance



Summary:

- Language identity is a strong predictor
- 2. Character-level signals are important for cognate identification
 - 3. Extending the proposed method is possible and encouraged

Thank You
For your Attention!